



Seminar

The Triumphant Return of Arrhenius's Theory of Partial Dissociation for Strong Electrolytes in Y2K

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For a major part of the last century, thermodynamics of solutions of strong electrolytes (like NaCl) was based on activity coefficients and extensions of the Debye-Huckel (DH) theory based on complete dissociation. However, as the extended equations became too complex to comprehend, they had to be abandoned. A renewed investigation of the earlier ideas of partial dissociation and hydration has now shown that simple equations explain the properties quantitatively from 'zero to saturation' (as per Occam's rule!) and that the DH equations are asymptotic laws for infinite dilution.

Friday April 7, Smith 554

Refreshments and socializing at 3:30 pm

Presentation at 4:00 pm.

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